MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION FORM

CALENDAR YEAR 2012

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY 2013 JUN 19 AM 9: 22

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		Put	olic Water Supply Nam	e e							
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			PWS ID # ('s):								
repor delive follow fax a	t (CCR) to its cust ered to the custom w the proper proce hard copy of the	omers each year. Depending on the ers, published in a newspaper of loc	population served al circulation, or p ince this is the fir MSDH. Please ch	system to develop and distribute a const by the public water system, this CCR m rovided to the customers upon request. Ist year of electronic delivery, we requeck all boxes that apply. Ice Report	ust be mailed or Make sure you						
	Customers wer	Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill, or other)									
	8 0 0	Advertisement in local paper (at On water bills (attach copy of bi E-mail message (MUST Email the Other	 message to the : 	address below)							
	Date customer	s were informed: ///.	_/_/								
	CCR was distr	ibuted by U.S. Postal Service or other	er direct delivery.	Must specify other direct delivery methor	ods used						
	Date i	nailed/distributed:/	/								
	Name	shed in local newspaper. (Attach co of Newspaper: <u>Lecul Le</u> Published: <u>5 / 6</u>	calu Ca	<u>ll</u>							
	CCR was poste	d in public places. (Attach list of lo	cations) Date	posted: / /							
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Burea	er or send via U uu of Public W ox 1700	I. S. Postal Service: ater Supply		May be faxed to: (601) 576-7800							
Tackso	on, MS 39215			May be emailed to: <u>Melanie.Yanklowski@msdh.st</u>	ate.ms.us						

CORRECTED

CTED 2013 JUN 24 PM 12: 16 ter Quality Report

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report
Beaverdam Water Association
PWS ID # 0310003
June, 2013

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of two wells that draw from the Sparta Sand Aquifer.

A source water assessment has been completed for the Beaverdam Water Association's water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for Beaverdam Water Association received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Frances Sanders at 601-787-4714. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Tuesday of each month at the Beaverdam Water Association office at 6:30 p.m.

Beaverdam Water Association routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2012. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

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Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

TEST RESULTS

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (Contamir	iants			***************************************			
10. Barium	N		0.02855	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N		2.75	No Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; crosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	1/1/09 to 12/31/11*	0.2	None	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N		0.217	No Range	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	1/1/09 to 12/31/11*	2	None	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Volatile Org	ganic Co	ntaminan	ts					
66. Ethylbezene	N		0.738	None	ppb	700	700	Discharge from petroleum refineries
76. Xylenes	N	Maria	5.09	None	ppm	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
Disinfectant	ts & Disi	nfection l	By-Prod	ucts				
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	1/1/12 to 12/31/12	1.20	0.70 to 1.60	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM [Total tri- halomethanes]	Y	1/1/12- 3/31/12 4/1/12- 6/30/12	100 81	2	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5 Haloacetic acids] Most recent same	Y	1/1/12- 3/31/12 4/1/12- 6/30/12	115 71	2	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination

^{*} Most recent sample results available

73) TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] and HAA5 [Haloacetic Acids]. Some people who drink water containing trihalomethanes and haloacetic acids in excess of the MCL over many years may experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or central nervous systems, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

*****APRIL 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*****
In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were required to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 - December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rules. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance and Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601-576-7518.

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Beaverdam Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but

cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

This report being published in the newspaper will not be mailed. Please call our office if you would like a copy or have questions.

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Beaverdam Water Association PWS ID # 0310003 May, 2013

2013 JUN 19 AM 9: 22

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of two wells that draw from the Sparta Sand Aquifer.

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				TEST RE	SULTS			
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Inorganic C	Contamin	ants						
13. Chromium	N	2009*	2.6	No Range	Ppb	1 0 0	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	1/1/09 to 12/31/11*	0.2	None	ppin	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; crosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N	2009*	0.4	No Range	ppin	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	. Lead N 1/1/09 to 2 None 12/31/11*		None	ppb	0	AL≖15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits	
Volatile Or	ganic Co	ntaminan	ts					
76. Xylenes	N		0.565	None	ppm	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
Disinfectan	ts & Disi	infection l	By-Prod	ucts				
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	1/1/12 to 12/31/12	1.20	0.70 to 1.60	ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM [Total tri- halomethanes]	Y	Quarterly	49	2	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5 [Haloacetic acids]	Y	Quarterly	13	2	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination

^{*} Most recent sample results available

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PROOF OF PUBLICATION THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI COUNTY OF JONES 1st & 2nd Judicial District

PERSONALLY appeared before me, the undersigned notary public in and for Jones County, Mississippi, Melissa Carter, the Legal/Classifieds Manager of The Laurel Leader-Call, a Newspaper as defined and prescribed in, Section 13-3-31 of the Mississippi Code 1972, as amended, who, being duly sworn, states that the notice, a true copy of which is hereto attached, appeared in the issues of said newspaper as follows:

On the 16th day of May 2013

Affiant

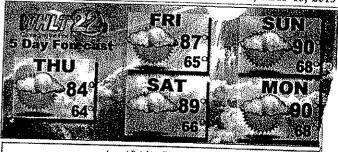
Sworn to and subscribed before me on this 13th day of June, A.D., 2013.

Notary Public

GLORIN BOSES
GLORIN BARBINGER
GLORIN ATRINGER
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Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Beaverdam Water Association PWS 1D # 0310003 May, 2013

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4. Copper	N	1/1/09 to {2/33/11**	0.2	Neno	blee	13	M+13	Contributed from the plantic systems: erosion of natural deposits: teaching from wood preservations
6. Plantick	К	20091	0.4	No Range	ppra	٥	1	Empion of unusual deposits; wei additive which promotes strong teeth; ductings from ferilliver and alumnum facturies
1. lesó	N	1/1/09 to 12/31/11*	ž	Nivie	léy.	ō	AlalS	Correnium of household planshi systems, rension of natural deposits
Volatile Oz	genic Co	entaminar	lş					
6. Kylenes	N		0.565	None	tabus	10	10	Discharge from petroleum factories: discharge from chemical factories
Disinfectar	re & Die	infection	By-Pro	ducis				
Thiorine (s)	N	1/1/12 to	1.20	0.79 to 1.60	15m	1	4	Water additive used to control apierobes
12) 3, TTVM Total st	Υ	Quarterly	49	2	(May)	0	ΧĐ	By-product of trinking water chlorisolical
ulometuser] IAAS Helescete ekkl	Y	Quireily	13	2	орь	0	W	Hy-pendace of thinking scares chilesination

73) TTHMs (Total Tribalamedianus) and HAAS [Haloacetic Acids]. Some people who drink water containing tribalomethates and haloncetic acids in excess of the MCL over many years may experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or control nervous systems, and may have an increased risk of getting caucer.

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PAY NET AMOUNT ON OR BEFORE DUE DATE	DUE DATE 07/20/2013	PAY GROSS AMOUNT AFTER DUE DATE
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